

# ஸ்ரீ-ல-ஸ்ரீ காசிவாசி சுவாமிநாத சுவாமிகள் கலைக் கல்லூரி தருய்னந்தாள் – 612504

S.K.S.S ARTS COLLEGE, THIRUPPANANDAL - 612504



EDUCA





# **QUESTION BANK**

Title of the Paper

# ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT

Course: III B.Com & III B.Com (CA)
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SEMESTER - V

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#### MAJOR BASED ELECTIVE - I

#### **ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT**

#### UNIT - I

Entrepreneurship – Definition, Concept, Nature , Characteristics , functions , types and phases of EDP, Development of women and rural entrepreneurs – Women Council Scheme.

#### UNIT - II

The start-up process, project identification- selection of the project- project formulation and evaluation- feasibility analysis, project report.

# UNIT – III

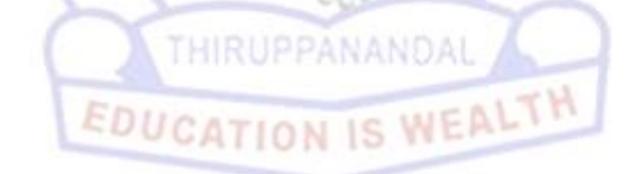
Institutions in the development of entrepreneurs – DIC, SIDO, NSIC, MSMEDI – SSIC, SIDCO – ITCOT, IIC – KVIC.

#### UNIT - IV

Institutional finance to entrepreneurs: IFCI, SFC, TIIC, LIC and GIC, SIPCOT – SIDBI – Commercial banks - Venture capital.

#### UNIT - V

Incentives and subsidies – Subsidised services – seed capital assistance – Taxation benefit to SSI. Role of entrepreneur in export promotion and import substitution.



#### UNIT – I

## **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER**

- 1. The term entrepreneur is derived from the word A. English B. Hindi C. Tamil D. French A. A.H. Cole
- 2. Who identified innovation as a character of entrepreneur for first time in 1934
  - B. William diamond
  - C. W.B. Gartner
  - D. J.A. Schumpeter
- 3. People who can own, operate and risk of a business venture is known as
  - A. Aptitude
  - B. Employee
  - C. Entrepreneur
  - D. Intrapreneur
- 4. Entrepreneurial talents available within the organization
  - A. Intrapreneur
  - B. Entrepreneur
  - C. Small entrepreneur
  - D. Manager
- 5. The entrepreneur would always be cautious and neither introduce new changes
  - A. Drone entrepreneur
  - B. Fabian entrepreneur
  - C. Imitating Entrepreneurs
  - D. Innovative entrepreneur
- 6. Refuse to adopt and make changes in production
  - A. Fabian
  - B. Innovation
  - C. Imitation
  - D. Drone
- 7. Women entrepreneur is supposed to have a minimum financial interest in share capital of an entrepreneur's enterprise
  - A. 35%
  - B. 25%
  - C. 51%
  - D. None of the above
- 8. An entrepreneurship whose roots lie in the rural areas are called
  - A. Urban entrepreneur
  - B. Rural entrepreneur
  - C. Eco entrepreneur
  - D. Women entrepreneur

- 9. The scheme offered by SBI of Mysore for those women setting up food catering industry
  - A. Annapurna scheme
  - B. Dena shakti scheme
  - C. Cent kalyani scheme
  - D. Bharatiya mahila bank business loan
- 10. Person who are driven out from the other vacations and are forced to start a business to run future
  - A. Technologist entrepreneur
  - B. Forced entrepreneur
  - C. Entrepreneur by inheritance
  - D. Institutional entrepreneur

**Answers:** 1. D 2. D 3. C 4. A 5. B 6. D 7. B 8. B 9. A 10.B

# **SHORT QUESTIONS (2 MARKS)**

- 11. Define entrepreneurs.
- 12. Explain the concept of entrepreneurship.
- 13. What are the basic characteristics of an entrepreneur?
- 14. Who is an innovator?
- 15. What are the functions of an entrepreneur?
- 16. What are the phases of entrepreneurial development program?
- 17. Who is a woman entrepreneur?
- 18. What are the types of entrepreneur?
- 19. Who is rural entrepreneur?
- 20. What is women council scheme?

# PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS (5 MARKS)

- 21. Define entrepreneurship and explain its characteristics.
- 22. Explain the difference between entrepreneur and entrepreneurship.
- 23. Explain the functions of an entrepreneur.
- 24. Who are imitating entrepreneurs and how do they achieve success in their business?
- 25. What are the types of entrepreneurs? Explain any two.
- 26. Explain any two phases of entrepreneurship development.
- 27. Narrate the problems faced by women entrepreneurs.
- 28. Explain the problems faced by rural entrepreneurs.
- 29. Explain how women entrepreneurs procure funds for developing their business.
- 30. Explain any two schemes introduced by the Government for the development of women entrepreneurs.

- 31. "Entrepreneurs are born not made" critically examine the statement.
- 32. Briefly explain the qualities of a successful entrepreneur.
- 33. Explain briefly why innovation is referred as one of the basic function of an entrepreneur.
- 34. Explain risk bearing in business by an entrepreneur.
- 35. Briefly explain the various types of entrepreneur.
- 36. Explain why the laggards refuse to adopt innovation as one of their functions.
- 37. Explain the various phases of entrepreneurship.
- 38. Explain the role of rural entrepreneurship in India.
- 39. Explain the role of women in entrepreneurship development.
- 40. Explain the various schemes offered by the government for the development of entrepreneurs.

## UNIT – II CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER

- 1. Sources of ideas for business entrepreneurs
  - A. Go online
  - B. Meet new people
  - C. Friends and family
  - D. All of the above
- 2. How many dimensions does every project have?
  - A. One
  - B. Two
  - C. Three
  - D. Four
- 3. A Project is temporary endeavor undertaken to create a unique product, service or result
  - A. Oxford Dictionary
  - B. Project Management Institute (PMI)
  - C. Office of Government of Commerce (OGC)
  - D. International Project Management Association (IPMA)
- 4. Methods used for selecting a project
  - A. Payback period
  - B. Economic model
  - C. Internal rate of return
  - D. All the above
- 5. What are the three basic dimensions of a project?
  - A. Input, output and process
  - B. Input, output and materials
  - C. Input, output and social cost and benefits
  - D. Input, output and features
- 6. Pre-Investment stage of a project refers to
  - A. Project formulation
  - B. Project Identification
  - C. Project development
  - D. Project evaluation
- 7. Systematic and objective assessment of an ongoing or completed project
  - A. Project Appraisal
  - B. Project evaluation
  - C. Project identification
  - D. Project formulation
- 8. The beginning stage of a project development is
  - A. Techno economic Analysis
  - B. Financial Analysis
  - C. Feasibility Analysis
  - D. Input Analysis

- 9. A report prepared by the promoter after the project formulation stage has been passed by the project
  - A. Project report
  - B. Feasibility report
  - C. Project evaluation
  - D. Project identification
- 10. A document which provides the details on the overall picture of the proposed business
  - A. Project report
  - B. Feasibility report
  - C. Project appraisal
  - D. Project description

**Answers:** 1. D 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C 6. A 7. B 8. C 9. B 10.A

# **SHORT QUESTIONS (2 MARKS)**

- 11. State the sources of project ideas.
- 12. What is meant by the term project?
- 13. What is meant by selection of project?
- 14. What is project formulation?
- 15. What is meant by social cost-benefit analysis?
- 16. What is meant by project evaluation?
- 17. What is meant by feasibility analysis?
- 18. What do you mean by project design?
- 19. What are project objectives?
- 20. What is project report?

# **PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS (5 MARKS)**

- 21. Explain the various sources of project ideas.
- 22. Explain the factors affecting project selection.
- 23. What are the ways in which the project is evaluated? Explain
- 24. Explain the importance of trade fairs and exhibition in entrepreneurial development.
- 25. Explain the various stages of project formulation?
- 26. Explain the need and significance of project formulation.
- 27. What do you mean by feasibility report? Explain its contents.
- 28. Explain the various characteristics of project report.
- 29. What is project report? How it is formulated?
- 30. What are different types of project?

- 31. Briefly explain the various criteria for selecting a particular project.
- 32. Distinguish between the project formulation and preparation of the detailed project report.
- 33. Explain the elements of project formulation techniques.
- 34. Briefly explain how projects are evaluated.
- 35. Explain how the techno economic analysis plays a vital role in evaluation of projects.
- 36. Explain the different sources of project identification.
- 37. Explain the internal and external constraints of identifying suitable projects.
- 38. Briefly explain the contents of feasibility reports.
- 39. What is feasibility study and explain its importance in project management.
- 40. Explain the various components of project report.

#### UNIT - III

#### **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER**

- 1. DIC was established in the year
  - A. May 1978
  - B. June 1979
  - C. April 1953
  - D. July 1974
- 2. SIDO was established in the year
  - A. 1956
  - B. 1974
  - C. 1954
  - D. 1984
- 3. The NSIC was set up in
  - A. 1954
  - B. 1955
  - C. 1974
  - D. 1956
- 4. MSMEDI stands for
  - A. Macro small and medium enterprises development institute
  - B. Micro small and modern enterprises development institute
  - C. Macro small and medium entrepreneurship development institute
  - D. Micro small and medium enterprises development institute
- 5. SSIC stands for
  - A. State small Industries corporation
  - B. Small scale Industries corporation
  - C. Small scale Industrial corporation
  - D. Small scale industry corporation
- 6. SIDCO stands for
  - A. State industries development corporation
  - B. Small industries development corporation
  - C. State small industries development corporation
  - D. Small scale industries development corporation
- 7. ITCOT was established in
  - A. 1979
  - B. 1989
  - C. 1974
  - D. 1976
- 8. SIDCO offers assistance to entrepreneurs in the form of
  - A. Provision of constructed sheds
  - B. Subsidies to industrial units in backward areas
  - C. Marketing assistance to small entrepreneurs
  - D. All the above

- 9. An nonprofit service organisation financed and supported by the Government of India
  - A. Indian investment centre
  - B. National alliance of young entrepreneurship
  - C. State industries promotion corporation of Tamilnadu
  - D. Small scale industries service institute
- 10. Primary objective of developing Khadi and village industries and improving rural employment opportunities
  - A. Rural entrepreneurship
  - B. Khadi and village industries commission
  - C. Indian investment centre
  - D. Urban entrepreneurship

Answers: 1. A 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. A 6. B 7. A 8. D 9. A 10.B

# **SHORT QUESTIONS (2 MARKS)**

- 11. What is meant by DIC?
- 12. What do you mean by SIDO?
- 13. State the role of NSIC.
- 14. What is meant by MSMEDI?
- 15. What is meant by SSIC?
- 16. What is meant by SIDCO?
- 17. State the role of ITCOT.
- 18. What is meant by IIC?
- 19. Narrate the functions of MSMEDI.
- 20. What is meant by KVIC?

# **PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS (5 MARKS)**

- 21. Explain the Organisational setup of District industries centre.
- 22. Discuss the various schemes offered by DIC.
- 23. Discuss the main functions of Small industries development organisation.
- 24. Narrate the various schemes of National small industries corporation.
- 25. Explain the role of SSIC in entrepreneurship development.
- 26. Narrate the benefits of registering in Micro small medium enterprises.
- 27. Explain the major functions of SIDCO.
- 28. Explain the objectives of Industrial and technical consultancy of TamilNadu.
- 29. Explain the functions of Indian investment centre.
- 30. Discuss the role of khadi and village industries commission.

- 31. Briefly explain the functions of DIC.
- 32. Explain the activities of SIDO.
- 33. Discuss the main functions of National small industries corporation.
- 34. Explain the activities and services of MSMED.
- 35. Explain the role of SSIC in entrepreneurship development.
- 36. Discuss the performance of ITCOT.
- 37. Explain the various scheme of KVIC.
- 38. Explain the activities of SIDCO.
- 39. Explain the functions of KVIC.
- 40. Explain the role of Indian investment centre in entrepreneurial development.

#### **UNIT - IV**

#### **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER**

- Industrial finance corporation of India was established in the year

   A. 1948
   B. 1956
   C. 1964
   D. 1974

   The full form of IFCI

   A. Indian finance corporation of India
  - B. Industrial finance corporation of India
  - C. Industrial finance company of India
  - D. India finance company of India
- 3. SFC means
  - A. Small scale industries
  - B. Small financial corporation
  - C. State financial corporation
  - D. State industries financial corporation
- 4. Tamilnadu industrial investment corporation was established in
  - A. 1956
  - B. 1948
  - C. 1944
  - D. 1949
- 5. The Life insurance corporation came into being
  - A. 1948
  - B. 1956
  - C. 1964
  - D. 1984
- 6. The General insurance corporation was nationalized in
  - A. 1956
  - B. 1962
  - C. 1974
  - D. 1973
- 7. The full form of SIPCOT
  - A. Small industries promotion corporation of TamilNadu
  - B. State industries promotion corporation of TamilNadu
  - C. Small scale industries promotion corporation of TamilNadu

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- D. State small industries promotion corporation of TamilNadu
- 8. SIDBI is a wholly owned subsidiary of
  - A. IDBI
  - B. IFCI
  - C. ICICI
  - D. IRBI

- 9. The primary function of commercial banks are
  - A. Accepting of deposits
  - B. Granting of loans and advances
  - C. Overdrafts
  - D. All the above
- 10. Investments are usually high risk, but offer potential for the above average returns
  - A. Share market
  - B. Capital market
  - C. Mutual fund
  - D. Venture capital

**Answers:** 1.A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. B 6. D 7. B 8. A 9. D 10. D

# SHORT QUESTIONS (2 MARKS)

- 11. What is meant by IFCI?
- 12. What is meant by SFC?
- 13. State the role of TIIC?
- 14. State the functions of LIC.
- 15. What is meant by GIC?
- 16. State the role of SIPCOT.
- 17. What is meant by SIDBI?
- 18. What are Commercial banks?
- 19. Mention the functions of SIDBI.
- 20. What is meant by Venture capital?

# **PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS (5 MARKS)**

- 21. Narrate the functions of Industrial Finance Corporation of India.
- 22. What are the objectives and problems of State Financial Corporation?
- 23. Explain the role of TamilNadu industrial investment corporation.
- 24. Narrate the objectives of Life Insurance Corporation.
- 25. Explain the main objectives of General Insurance Corporation
- 26. Explain the promotional activities of State industries Promotion Corporation of Tamilnadu.
- 27. Narrate the various entrepreneurial development schemes provided by the government for starting a new venture.
- 28. Narrate the objectives of small industries development banks of India.
- 29. Discuss the role of various commercial banks in entrepreneurial development.
- 30. Explain the role of venture capital in development of entrepreneurs.

- 31. Explain the role of Industrial Finance Corporation of India.
- 32. Discuss the functions of State financial corporations.
- 33. Explain the workings of TamilNadu Industrial Investment Corporation.
- 34. Briefly explain the functions of Life insurance Corporation of India.
- 35. Explain the role of General Insurance Corporation in financing entrepreneurs.
- 36. Discuss the functions of State Industries Promotion Corporation of Tamilnadu
- 37. Briefly explain the functions of Small Industries Development Bank of India.
- 38. Explain the role of commercial banks in financing entrepreneurs.
- 39. Explain the methods of appraisal of term loans by commercial banks.
- 40. Explain the role of venture capital in financing entrepreneurs.

#### UNIT - V

#### **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER**

- A broader concept includes various financial and promotional concessions and subsidies
  - A. Subsidies
  - B. Package
  - C. Incentives
  - D. Offer and assistance
- 2. A lump sum financial help given by the government to the industries
  - A. Subsidy
  - B. Incentives
  - C. Package
  - D. Concession
- 3. Seed capital means
  - A. Risk capital
  - B. Initial capital
  - C. Cavity capital
  - D. Share capital
- 4. 4, The taxation benefits available to entrepreneurs are
  - A. Income tax
  - B. Excise tax
  - C. Sales tax
  - D. All of the above
- 5. Interest free sales tax loans are made available to entrepreneurs
  - A. Within metropolitan cities
  - B. Outside the metropolitan
  - C. Within town panchayat
  - D. Within the municipal town
- 6. Activities of the Government and state insurance which have a positive impact on the export performance of the country
  - A. Export promotion
  - B. Import promotion
  - C. Import substitution
  - D. Export subsidies
- 7. Refers to the policy that eliminates the importation of the commodity and allows for the production in the Domestic market
  - A. Import promotion
  - B. Import substitution
  - C. Export subsidies
  - D. Import subsidies
- 8. A tax imposed on goods for their licensing and sale
  - A. Import duty
  - B. Income tax
  - C. Excise duty
  - D. Sales tax

- 9. Tax collected on imports and some exports by the customs authorities of the country
  - A. Export duty
  - B. Income tax
  - C. Sales tax
  - D. Import duty
- The Goods and services produced in one country and purchased by residents of other country
  - A. Exports
  - B. Imports
  - C. Interport
  - D. Intraport

Answers: 1.C 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. B 6. A 7. B 8. C 9. D 10. A

# . SHORT QUESTIONS (2 MARKS)

- 11. What is meant by incentives?
- 12. What are subsidies?
- 13. What do you mean by seed capital?
- 14. What are the taxation benefits provided to SSI?
- 15. What do you mean by capital investment subsidy scheme?
- 16. What are export subsidies?
- 17. What are the special concessions provided to the SC and ST entrepreneurs?
- 18. What is meant by interest free sales tax loans?
- 19. What are Export promotions?
- 20. What is meant by Import substitution?

#### **PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS (5 MARKS)**

- 21. Explain the incentives available to the small scale industries.
- 22. What do you mean by subsidies and what are its aims?
- 23. State the eligibility for availing capital investment subsidiary scheme.
- 24. What is meant by seed capital and for whom it is provided?
- 25. What are salient features of interest free sales tax loan?
- 26. Discuss the role of entrepreneurs in import substitution.
- 27. Discuss the special incentives provided to the women entrepreneurs.
- 28. Enumerate the special concessions provided to the SC and ST entrepreneurs by the central government.
- 29. Explain the various taxation benefits available to the SSI units.
- 30. Explain the role of entrepreneur in promoting exports.

- 31. Briefly explain the various incentives offered by the State and central government for the growth of SSI.
- 32. Discuss the Capital investment subsidy scheme offered by central government.
- 33. Explain the major objectives of providing incentives and subsidies.
- 34. Discuss eligibility for availing the incentive and subsidiary schemes.
- 35. Explain subsidies provided to the entrepreneur for research and development.
- 36. Briefly explain what are the special incentives offered to the women intrepreneur.
- 37. Briefly explain the special concessions provided to SC/ST entrepreneurs by the central government.
- 38. Explain the major functions of entrepreneurs in export promotion.
- 39. Explain the taxation benefits available to small scale industrial units.
- 40. What is import substitution? Is this necessary?